Inherent Requirements of Position – Radiographer

Frequency and Duration of Essential Tasks

The Radiographer role is physically demanding in nature and requires a high degree of adaptability, consultation, advice and time management within multidisciplinary teams in order to arrange safe, prompt and effective imaging of in patients and out patients, rotate regularly between tasks and ensure all tasks are completed within the scheduled time frames. Radiographers ensure staff and patients adopt safe working practices in regards to radiation.

Essential Tasks	Frequency	Duration
Administration	Radiographers are required to complete administrative duties multiple times throughout the day.	Administrative duties accumulated throughout the day account for a considerable time each day and may take multiple hours to complete.
Medical Imaging and Procedures	Radiographers complete medical imaging for the majority of their day.	The length is dependent on the method of radiography; however, the typical duration will depend on the Cath lab procedure
Patient Transfers and Equipment Handling	Radiographers are required to transfer patients and handle equipment multiple times throughout the day, however this varies from day-to-day.	The duration is dependent on number of procedures required, patients' functional capacity and/or what equipment is required to be transported and to what location.
Theatre and Emergency Department	Radiographers complete medical imaging for the majority of their day when rostered to this department.	The length is dependent on the method of radiography; however, the duration depends on procedure in Cath Lab

Environmental and Organisational Factors

Condition	Description
Heat and Cold	Radiographers generally complete their duties in a climate controlled indoor environment which is not significantly affected by heat or cold.
Noise	Radiographers may be exposed to loud noises from the equipment they are required to use.
PPE	Radiographers must wear full led PPE when working within proximity of active radiation.
Shift Cycle	Radiographers typically work shift that vary between 07:00am – 07:00 pm Monday – Friday. Over the weekend and after hours, Radiographer will be rostered for On Call procedures.
Breaks	Radiographers are entitled to a 30-minute lunch break and a 15-minute tea break.
Training/Qualifications	Radiographers must be qualified to perform CPR, follow hospital policy regarding the correct infection control techniques, safe moving and handling and have a radiation license.

Issue date: January 2019 version: radiographer v1.1

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Physical Demands	Rare	Occasional	Frequent	Constant
Frequency and Duration of Essential Tasks	0 – 5% of total work time	6-33% of total work time	34-66% of total work time	67-100% of total work time
Sitting		✓		
Standing				✓
Walking				✓
Step up / step down		✓		
Looking Up and Down			✓	
Forward Bending				✓
Turning and Twisting				✓
Crouching and Squatting				✓
Kneeling and Crawling			✓	
Reaching above shoulder			✓	
Reaching forward				✓
Gripping (Hand)				✓
Fine Motor Movements (Hand)				✓
Lifting floor-waist		✓		
Lifting overhead			✓	
Carrying			√ (10kg)	
Pushing and pulling upper limb			✓	
Pushing lower limb			✓	

Cognitive and	Low	Moderate	High	Maximum
Psychosocial Demands				
Attention				✓
Concentration				✓
Memory			✓	✓
Interaction with others				✓
Communication – written				✓
Communication - verbal				✓
Problem solving				✓
Decision making				✓
Planning/sequencing				✓
Reasoning/judgement				✓